BEST AVAILABLE COPY

UK Patent Application (19) GB (11) 2 091 291 A

- (21) Application No 8200915
- (22) Date of filing 13 Jan 1982
- (30) Priority data
- (31) 225388
- (32) 15 Jan 1981
- (33) United States of America (US)
- (43) Application published 28 Jul 1982
- (51) INT CL3
- C10L 1/10 1/12 1/30
- (52) Domestic classification C5G 1A1G3
- (56) Documents cited GB 1198405
- (58) Field of search C5G
- (71) Applicants
 Drew Chemical
 Corporation,
 One Drew Chemical Plaza,
 Boonton, New Jersey,
 United States of America
- (72) Inventors
 Bruce Lohse Libutti,
 Rosanna Pall Rudy,
 Francis Joseph Oschell
- (74) Agents
 Marks & Clerk,
 57—60 Lincoln's Inn
 Fields, London WC2A 3LS

- (54) Combustion additive for diesel fuel oil comprising Ca and Fe salts
- (57) The combustion of a diesel fuel oil is improved by an additive comprised of an oil soluble or dispersible calcium compound and an
- oil soluble or dispersible iron compound. Such improved combustion is evidenced by improved fuel mileage and/or improved smoke suppression and/or improved engine cleanliness and/or improved engine efficiency.

SPECIFICATION Combustion additive for diesel fuel oil

	Combustion additive for diesel fuel oil	
5	This invention relates to improving the combustion of a fuel oil in engines. Diesel fuel oils are currently employed for the propulsion of vehicles; in particular, automotive vehicles (cars and trucks) railroad engines, and ships. As a result of the current energy problems, there is a need to improve the combustion efficiency of such fuels. In accordance with one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a combustion improving	5
10	additive for a diesel fuel oil employed for the propulsion of vehicles and sings which to be a single of the propulsion of vehicles and single single single or of the present invention, there is provided an improved fuel in accordance with another aspect of the present invention, there is provided an improved fuel in accordance with another aspect of the present invention, there is provided an improved fuel in accordance with another aspect of the present invention, there is provided an improved fuel in accordance with another aspect of the present invention, there is provided an improved fuel in accordance with another aspect of the present invention, there is provided an improved fuel in accordance with another aspect of the present invention.	10
15	dispersed therein in an amount effective to improve the combastion emicency of states of the fuel oil soluble or dispersible calcium compound may be any one of a wide variety of compounds which are soluble or dispersible in the diesel fuel oil. As representative examples of suitable organic and inorganic calcium compounds which are soluble or dispersible in the diesel fuel oil, there	15
20	may be mentioned: Calcium Sulfonate Calcium Naphthenate Calcium Carboxylate Calcium Carbonate Calcium Hydroxide	20
25	The fuel oil soluble or dispersible iron compound may be any one of a wide variety of compounds which are soluble or dispersible in the diesel fuel oil. As representative examples of suitable organic and inorganic iron compounds which are soluble or dispersible in the diesel fuel oil, there may be mentioned: Iron Naphthenate Ferrocene	25
30	Iron Oxide The selection of a combination of oil soluble or dispersible calcium and iron compounds for a particular diesel fuel oil is deemed to be within the scope of those skilled in the art from the teachings herein. The preferred combination is represented by calcium sulfonate and iron naphthenate.	30
35	Applicant has found that the use of a combination of the new formula of the propulsion of unexpected improvement in combustion efficiency of a diesel fuel oil employed for the propulsion of vehicles, or ships which could not be achieved by using one of the compounds in the absence of the other. Such improved combustion efficiency is evidenced by improved fuel mileage and/or improved engine cleanliness and/or improved smoke suppression and/or improved engine efficiency. The fuel additive includes the iron and calcium compounds in effective combustion improving	35
40	The fuel additive includes the Iron and calcium compounds in 2011, and preferably 1:1 to 10:1 amounts. In general, the ratio of calcium to iron is from 0.01:1 to 100:1, and preferably 1:1 to 10:1 (weight basis). The selection of an optimum ratio for any particular application is deemed to be within the scope of those skilled in the art from the teachings herein. The fuel additive is preferably employed as a liquid additive comprised of the iron and calcium compound dissolved in an oil which is soluble in the diesel fuel oil. Any one of a wide variety of oils may be employed, and as representative examples of such oils there may be mentioned: light diesel oil,	40
45	process oils, naphthenic oils. Applicant has found that the use of such additives improves the combustion efficiency of the diesel fuel oil as evidenced by reduced smoke emission and/or increased fuel mileage and/or improved engine cleanliness (reduced engine deposits) and/or improved engine efficiency. In addition, the iron and engine cleanliness (reduced engine deposits) and/or improved engine efficiency in the engine exhaust. As	45
50	a result, improved combustion is obtained with the use of an additive which the value of the environment. The additive is added to the diesel fuel oil to provide a combustion improvement amount of iron the additive is added to the diesel fuel oil to provide a combustion improved combustion efficiency is	50
5	obtained by employing at least 5 ppm of the iron and at least 5 ppm of the work of the least 50 ppm and at (weight basis). In most cases, the calcium and iron are employed in amounts of at least 50 ppm and at least 5 ppm, respectively. The calcium and iron are generally not added in an amount in excess of 100 ppm and 100 ppm, respectively, in that no added beneficial effect is obtained by increasing the amount of additive. The selection of optimum amounts of the additive is deemed to be within the scope	55
6	of those skilled in the art from the teachings herein. The additive may also include other components which may be normally added to a diesel fuel oil. As representative examples of such materials, there may be mentioned: dispersants and emulsifiers. Although the additive may be employed for any one of a wide variety of diesel fuel oils, the additive is particularly suited for a light diesel fuel oil for high speed engines (operating at over	60
	550 rpm), such as in an automotive or railroad engine. The present invention will be further described with respect to the following examples; however,	

2

5

10

15

the scope of the invention is not to be limited thereby:

EXAMPLE 1

A mixture was prepared by blending an oil soluble calcium compound (calcium sulfonate) and an oil soluble iron compound (iron naphthenate) at a weight ratio of 8:1 respectively. The mixture was diluted with diesel oil to produce an additive containing 4.8% calcium and 0.6% iron. The additive was submitted to an independent research laboratory for smoke suppression testing. The format of the evaluation follows:

1. The testing was performed with a Caterpillar 1Y73 test engine. The base fuel was Howell hydrocarbons Cat 1—G2. A Bosch Σ FAW-68A Smoke Meter was used to measure smoke density.

2. Two hour run on base fuel (Cat 1-G2) — All engine operating conditions were maintained with continuous monitoring of engine exhaust smoke to establish a base line smoke level.

3. Two hour run on base fuel + additive blended at 600:1 — (1 part of additive to 600 parts of base fuel by volume). With all engine operating conditions maintained constant as with the base fuel run, the fuel was switched to a 600:1 blend. Engine exhaust smoke continuously monitored.

4. Two hour run on base fuel + additive blended at 400:1 — (1 part of additive to 400 parts of base fuel by volume). With all engine operating conditions maintained constant as with the base fuel run, the fuel was switched to a 400:1 blend. Engine exhaust smoke was continuously monitored.

Measured Exhaust Smoke Levels

20	Measurement	Run No. 1 Base Fuel	Run No. 2 Base 600:1	Run No. 3 + Additive 400:1	20
:	1	2.4		1.6	
	2	2.4	1.7	1.7	
	3	2.4	1.6	1.7	
25	4	2.3	1.4	1.5	25
	5	2.4	1.6	1.5	
· .	6	2.4	1.6	1.7	
	7	2.3	1.9		
	8	2.6	1.6		•
30	9	2.4	1.5	1.5	30
	10	2.5	1.5	1.6	
		$\bar{x} = 2.41$	$\bar{x} = 1.60$	$\bar{x} = 1.60$	
•		$\Sigma = 0.088$	$\Sigma = 0.141$	$\Sigma = 0.093$	

The data indicate a 34% reduction in the smoke level using the additive.

35 EXAMPLE 2

An additive was prepared by blending an oil soluble calcium compound and an oil soluble iron compound in diesel oil as in Example 1. The additive contained 4.8% calcium and 0.6% iron by weight. The additive was evaluated on a fleet of trucks at a dosage rate of 1 part additive to 1000 parts fuel by volume. The additive was evaluated for a total of 15 consecutive months. The truck engines were

40 Cummins 270 and Cummins 290. Mileage per gallon of fuel consumed data were recorded on a daily basis. An average of 4.3% improvement in mileage per gallon of fuel consumed was recorded.

Additionally, after 12 months of additive use, one truck was taken out-of-service and the engine

Additionally, after 12 months of additive use, one truck was taken out-of-service and the engine overhauled and inspected. There were not any deposits on the internals of the engine.

EXAMPLE 3

An additive was prepared by blending an oil soluble calcium compound and an oil soluble iron compound in diesel oil as in Example 1. The additive contained 4.8% calcium and 0.6% iron by weight. The additive was evaluated on a fleet of trucks at a dosage rate of 1 part additive to 1000 parts fuel by

45

35

40

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

ì	GB 2 091 291 A	3
5	volume. The additive was evaluated for 10 consecutive months. Mileage per gallon of fuel consumed data were recorded for each trip. The truck engines were Caterpillar 325. An average of 11.0% improvement in mileage per gallon of fuel consumed was recorded. Numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings and, therefore, within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practised otherwise than as particularly described.	5
10	CLAIMS 1. A combustion improving additive for a diesel fuel oil employed for the propulsion of vehicles, and ships comprising: (a) an oil soluble or dispersible calcium compound; and (b) an oil soluble or dispersible iron compound, said (a) and (b) being present in an amount effective to improve the combustion of a diesel fuel oil.	10
15	2. The additive of Claim 1 wherein the weight ratio of calcium compound to iron compound is from 0.01:1 to 100:1. 3. The additive of Claim 1 or 2 wherein said weight ratio is from 1:1 to 10:1. 4. The additive of any one of the preceding claims wherein the calcium compound is calcium	15
20	sulfonate. 5. The additive of any one of the preceding claims wherein the iron compound is iron naphthenate. 6. The additive of any one of the preceding claims wherein the additive is a liquid additive and said calcium and iron compounds are dissolved in an oil which is soluble in the diesel fuel oil. 7. A process for improving the combustion of a diesel fuel oil which comprises adding a combustion improving additive of any one of the preceding claims to the diesel fuel oil. 8. A diesel fuel oil containing an additive according to any one of Claims 1 through 6.	20

Printed for Her Majesty's Stationery Office by the Courier Press, Learnington Spa, 1982. Published by the Patent Office, 25 Southampton Buildings, London, WC2A 1AY, from which copies may be obtained.